

TURKEY AND HER FRIENDS THE ALLIES.—The Czar Nicholas was in the habit of typifying the condition of Turkey by referring to it as that of a sick man. Sick though she may have been before the war, she now seems to be ill even unto death. Her complaint is mortal, and, though she may linger, the catastrophe must come, the question of her dissolution being reduced to a mere matter of time. The allies entered upon the war ostensibly with the disinterested and chivalric purpose of vindicating the rights and preserving the nationality of Turkey, but, before the war had lasted a year, we find them negotiating for peace upon other grounds and entirely independent of Turkey. To limit the power of Russia and not to maintain the integrity of Turkish sovereignty is now the avowed purpose of the Western powers in the prosecution of the war. If Turkey is permitted to remain with nominal sovereignty, it will be so arranged by the allies not from any regard they entertain for her rights and her interests, but from their fear of Russia. It may suit the allies to interpose the effete government of the Sultan as a barrier to the march of the enterprising Russian who might take a fancy to extend his dominion in the direction of Hindostan and Algeria. Of all the belligerents, Turkey seems to have now the least interest in the war; indeed her complicity in it at all seems to be almost lost sight of. When the allies are spoken of, no one thinks of the Turks as one of the parties; in fact the existence of Turkey seems to be practically ignored. The Sublime Porte, it is true, had an ambassador at Vienna, but he appeared to be a mere automaton, and was there simply to inscribe his name on any paper that the ministers of France and England might direct him to sign. The interests, that the ambassadors of the allies were at Vienna to arrange, were the interests of France and England, and not those of Turkey, and the fact is that Turkey takes no efficient part either in making peace or in waging war; she has virtually retired from the stage of action in the great drama of European antagonisms.

The truth is, Turkey has been made to feel that, under no combination of circumstances, can the present war eventuate to her advantage. This great fact has been palpably forced upon her notice and made clear to her comprehension, and the result has been to infuse a suspicion into the minds of her people that their interests are to be sacrificed to those of pretended friends. It is matter of notoriety that Constantinople is becoming rapidly and thoroughly Europeanized. French uniforms are as common there as Turkish shawls and turbans, and the soldiers and officers of the Allies are to be seen jauntily parading the streets, with a sort of satisfied air, which seems to say, "we are at home here." The French in the Pera quarter of the city have taken a lease on their barracks for fifteen years, and they offer every indication to the astonished Moslems that their stay is to be a long one. There is a beautiful custom prevailing in Turkey that at once attests the graceful hospitality and the respect for authority for which the Turks are celebrated. Whenever a man of rank and distinction visits the house of one of an inferior station, the house, with all the things therein, is immediately placed at the disposal of the visitor; it becomes as it were *his*, and the actual owner is a guest in his own house while the visit lasts. The French and English seem to be availing themselves of this species of hospitality on an extended scale. They have taken possession of the Turkish household, with some indications that the visit may be never-ending.

NEWS ITEMS.

Marine Losses.—The New York Insurance Monitor has complete tables which show that the enormous sum of \$18,972,092 74 was absorbed in the marine losses sustained by insurance offices in New York and Massachusetts during the year 1854.

The Veterans of the War of 1812.—A State convention of the veterans of the war of 1812 was held at Utica, New York, on the 4th inst. Gen. John S. Van Rensselaer of Albany presided. A memorial to the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, setting forth the claims of the surviving soldiers of the war of 1812 to be pensioned, was adopted. A number of letters from distinguished gentlemen who had been invited to attend were read, announcing their inability to be present. Among these were communications from Senator Fish, the Hon. D. S. Dickinson, and Gen. Leslie Combs.

Stocking, who was charged with arson, robbery, and murder, has been tried in Lafayette, Ind., and found guilty of murder in the first degree.

Effect of the Late Earthquake at Baltimore.—The only effect which has come to our knowledge is a sinking of the earth in the yard of the tanning establishment of Mr. Jas. S. Suter, on Frederick street. Before the earthquake no knowledge was had of any break in the yard, but on the following morning it was discovered that there was a hole about 12 inches in diameter, though larger below, and about 15 feet deep. It has been partially filled up, but the hole is still there, and can be seen by any who feel curious on the subject. Whether it was the result of the earthquake or other cause is not certainly known, but it was not discovered until after that convulsion of the earth. —*American*, July 6.

Registration of Letters.—In the new system of registration for the greater security of valuable letters sent by mail, with each letter bill sent from the mailing office a blank letter bill is sent, which is denominated the *return* letter bill; and which should be filled up at the office of delivery according to instructions, and returned to the mailing office from which it was received. We are informed that several postmasters, disregarding the general instructions with which they have been furnished, and misunderstanding the instructions printed on the bill received from the mailing office (which is to return to "this office") are in the habit of returning these bills to the department. —*Washington Union*.

RESTORATION OF LANDS IN MISSOURI.—The Washington Union says that it is in contemplation to restore to market in September next the remaining lands withheld from sale or entry along the route of the Hannibal and St. Joseph railroad, in the northern part of Missouri. These lands comprise two strips unappropriated lands (nine miles broad), extending entirely across the State from the Mississippi to the Missouri river, and lying outside of the six-mile limit on each side of the route of the railroad. Having been unavoidably reserved for sale or entry, their restoration is calculated to give a new impulse to the neighborhood they embrace. They are in the districts subject to sale at Palmyra, Fayette, Milan, and Plattsburg.

Wm. Warfield, Esq., of Fayette, has recently sold to Brutus J. Clay, Esq., of Bourbon, a roan heifer, 12 months old, sired by the imported bull Chilton, out of a cow by Capt. Benj. Warfield's great breeding bull Renick. The price paid for her was five hundred dollars. She is said to be a magnificent animal.

The Lexington Observer reports two more deaths by cholera in Nicholasville—one a lady, Mrs. Bourne, and the other a free negro man. There are but few cases now in the town, and the disease is believed to have pretty much spent its force.

THAT "MONSTER WEDDING."—The New York Evening Post says as follows in reference to the great wedding that, according to the newspapers, is soon to take place at the St. Nicholas House in New York:

Judge Concklin and his daughters were guests at the Hotel about a month ago, and nothing was heard at that time, or since, of any intended marriage fete there or elsewhere in which they were interested. There is to be a small wedding party at the St. Nicholas some time during the present month. A gentleman named Lawrence, of Kentucky, is to be married to a Southern lady, and the wedding party will come to the North and stop a few days at the St. Nicholas. About fifty rooms have been partially engaged for the party. The bride and bridegroom and their friends will afterwards leave the city for Saratoga and other places of summer resort. This is the nearest approximation to the "monster wedding" of which the proprietors of the St. Nicholas have any knowledge.

[For the Louisville Bulletin.]
TO AVOID THE FLUX.

"Do not avoid the delicious ripe fruits—the nice hot green corn; feast on such of Beneficence's bounty; be temperate—eat freely if you would escape the bloody flux." What! what! don't we know better, sir?

In the summer of 1852 we resided on Red river, Ky., where the flux broke out with alarming fatality. Fresh vegetables, all succulent food was almost universally unobtainable. Our observation and reflection (and perhaps our impetuous appetite) induced us to reverse the *antiseptic* prophylactic rules. Our family all dieted on succulent food, and particularly on the baneful green corn and melons.

We all had the flux? Not—though our abstemious neighbors had, and the community was in deep mourning.

The subsequent season we resided in Bath county. Scarcely a family in our vicinity escaped unscathed by the destructive epidemic, though our prophylactic diet was avoided as cautiously as if it had been saturated with virulent poison. Our large family of fifteen persons indulged freely in the luxuries of seasonable food—green corn, &c.—and escaped every symptom of the flux.

We have observed coincidences sufficient to deem it our duty to call attention to an assertion—that succulent food, ripe fruits, green corn, and generally all anti-scorbutic diet may be considered not only anti-fluxic but anti-choleric.

And we are glad, for the sake of humanity, to refer to such able authority as Prof. M. J. Knapp's recent paper, published in the N. Y. Journal of Medicine, on the "Cause, nature, cure, and prevention of Epidemic Cholera." His conclusion, that cholera is a scorbutic disease, is most plausible, if not demonstrated; or at least, that anti-scorbutics appear to prove preventives, and therefore not causes of cholera. Might we not form a similar conclusion in relation to "flux?"

We submit the above to the unprofessional public, as to them we think it more rightly belongs; and because the observation of the majority should sooner arrive at the truth. But as a little learning might be a dangerous thing, even here we should add a cautionary remark. If the accustomed diet has not been of the anti-scorbutic kind an abrupt and too exclusive adoption of it may stimulate the scorbutic condition into an acute manifestation.

JULY 6, 1855. A. J. S.—Medicus.

THE JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD.—It affords us no ordinary pleasure to be able to announce that under the management of the present president and directors this road has attained a position that ranks it among the best managed roads in the West. Much of the popularity and rapidly increasing business of the road is directly attributable to the active and energetic efficiency of A. P. Osborne, Esq., its present gentlemanly superintendent, under the wise and liberal policy established by its president and directors.

Like all Western roads, it was commenced and prosecuted under difficulties of no trivial character.

It had to meet and overcome opposition from home as well as abroad. But past difficulties have been overcome by energy, prudence, and forecast, and we may safely anticipate for it a more prosperous future.

The road never can become what it should be until it is completed to Indianapolis, its natural and necessary terminus. As long as it is dependent upon the caprice of the Madison road and subservient in the least degree to the Madison interest, it never can assume that proud position of an independent road to which its business connections and facilities entitle it.

We understand that the negotiations pending between our road and the Madison road in reference to new running arrangements have totally failed. If that be true, we hope that the company will go to work in earnest to complete the road through to Indianapolis as originally contemplated, and every friend of the road should feel himself under obligations to lend a helping hand in the way of "material aid" to push it forward. —*Jeffersonville Repub.*

THE RIOT IN DETROIT.—The telegraph a few days ago gave us a brief account of a disgraceful riot in Detroit, and the papers from that city of Saturday contain the particulars. The girl who was killed by a brickbat was a little German child, on her way home from school. A negro man named Jordan was very severely hurt, and also a German whose name was unknown. A large number of arrests have been made. The burning of the house satisfied the desire of vengeance, and the crowd dispersed.

The following are extracts from a Paris letter to the New York Commercial:

The Academy of Science will probably soon announce the success of one of its members in producing the new metal, *aluminum*, in abundance, at a very low price. Hitherto, the cost, \$30 a pound, rendered it very nearly useless, in spite of its many and admirable qualities. M. Deville is said to have discovered a means of producing it for \$3 a pound. It is light like glass; white and bright like silica; inoxidizable like gold; malleable like copper; as easily molded as lead; as tenacious as iron; as abundant as clay; and, the Academy hopes, soon to be as cheap as dirt. It will be wise to wait for the confirmation of this intelligence, in which, however, there is nothing impossible.

The Exposition is gaining ground. The receipts are better, and the display is becoming more and more complete.

The prospects of the harvest are less flattering than at the date of my last, an extraordinary attack of cold, blustering weather having taken place throughout the North of France. The yield of the year will certainly not be abundant, and I doubt if it be sufficient. The season is backward, beside, and the possibility of a gap between the old and new flour is largely discussed.

The situation of the lower classes is just now deplorable in the extreme; meat is out of the question, and they never touch it; the absence of wine forces them to the resource of decoctions of leaves and roots; and bread is so dear that it is with difficulty they procure even that. The present generation have never passed through such a period of trial and privation.

I have to chronicle the constantly increasing *furor* created by Madame Ristori, and the rapid decline of Rachel. The principal dramatic authority calls upon the Minister of State to find out what engagements bind Ristori to the Royal Theatre of Turin, sever them at whatever cost, and secure the Italian permanently at Paris. At the same time, the language held toward Rachel is really outrageous. She is urged to go to America, once for all, and she is told that she need not return.

BUSINESS OF THE PENSION OFFICE.—Bounty Land Claims.—The following is an abstract of the business of the Pension Office from March 3 to July 7:

Total number of applications received	186,800
Do enveloped, briefed, &c.	124,926
Do acknowledged	117,297
Do registered in two-letter index	44,219
Do examined	23,978
Do allowed	12,252
Do bounty land warrants issued	8,788
Do bounty land warrants registered	6,300

Of the claims allowed during the past week, four are for soldiers of the Revolution, and twenty-one for the widows of Revolutionary men.

First Prosecution under the Maine Law.—An intoxicated man was brought up yesterday morning, fined \$10 for the misdemeanor, and sworn as to the place where he obtained his liquor. He testified that it was given to him by Mr. Trotter, proprietor of the Cottage Inn, Front street. The accused was arrested, and appeared with his counsel, F. L. Durand, Esq., who asked for an adjournment of the case until 2 P. M. to-day, in order to give an opportunity for a further examination of the statutes. The request was granted.

Rochester Democrat of Saturday.

OFFICIAL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

SATURDAY EVENING, July 7, 1855.

Present—President E. D. Weatherford and all the members.

Alderman Kaye, from Finance and Special Committee, reported an ordinance making appropriations for the fiscal year ending March 9th, 1856, which was amended and passed by the following vote:

Yeas—Mr. President Weatherford and Messrs. Burton, Harris, Douglass, Kaye, Grainger and Howard—7.

Nay—Mr. Taylor—1.

Alderman Kaye, from Committee on Finance, by leave, reported an amendment from the Common Council to the ordinance regulating the levy of city taxes for the year ending March 9th, 1856, prescribing the duties of collectors, and fixing their compensation, which was concurred in and passed as amended.

Alderman Kaye, from same, by leave, reported an ordinance from the Common Council in relation to the collection of city taxes for the year 1855, which was read and rejected.

Alderman Douglass, by leave, introduced the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That a special committee be appointed, consisting of two members, for the purpose of taking into consideration the subject of licensing taverns, or houses of entertainment, with or without the privilege of retailing spirituous liquors, and the powers and duties of the General Council in reference to the same, and report to the next meeting of this board.

The yeas and nays being demanded thereon were as follows:

Yeas—Mr. President Weatherford and Messrs. Burton, Harris, Douglass, Kaye, Grainger and Howard—7.

Nay—Mr. Taylor—1.

The President appointed Messrs. Harris and Douglass as the committee from this board.

Alderman Burton, from Committee on Elections, reported the bond of Alexander Duvall, City Treasurer, which was approved.

On motion the board adjourned until Thursday, the 12th inst., at 8 o'clock, P. M.

O. H. STRATTAN, Clerk.

DIED.

On the 10th inst., of typhoid fever, Mr. BENJ. L. WOODRUFF, in the 24th year of his age.

THOSE ELEGANT DRAB BEAVERS which took the first premium at the World's Fair, New York, were manufactured by HAYES, CRAIG, & CO., Louisville, Ky., who keep them constantly on hand for the benefit of mankind. jyl1 b&j

STRAW AND LECHORN HATS of every description, for men and boys, are to be had very low for cash. jyl1 b&j

SOFT HATS FOR SUMMER, as light as the gossamer's wing, are being furnished to every household at lower prices than they have ever been found in the West or South, at HAYES, CRAIG, & CO.'S. jyl1 b&j

COUNTRY MERCHANTS will find the best assortment of Hats, Caps, and Straw Goods, at lower prices than they have ever been found in the West or South, at HAYES, CRAIG, & CO.'S. jyl1 b&j

Pensions and Bounty Land.

THE undersigned will prepare claims for Bounty Land or Pensions under any of the acts of Congress. He will also buy and sell Land Warrants. ISHAM HENDERSON. Louisville Journal Office, May 8, 1855—1&10ft

Dissolution.

THE firm of SNODDY & BRANSFORD is this day dissolved by limitation—W. E. Snoddy having the settlement of the business and is authorized to use the name of the firm in settlement. July 1, 1855. SNODDY & BRANSFORD.

Copartnership.

W. E. SNODDY has this day entered into copartnership with N. G. WYNNE, late of Uniontown, Ky., and R. P. PARISH, of the city, to continue the WHOLESALE SHOE and BOOT business, under the style of W. G. SNODDY & CO., at the old stand of Snoddy & Bransford, on Main, between Sixth and Seventh streets. jyl6 d&wt

Dissolution.

THE partnership heretofore existing, under the firm and style of GREEN & STEALEY, in the Tin, Sheet Iron, and Roofing business, was dissolved on the 7th inst. Either of the firm is authorized to settle the business. Those having claims against the concern will please present them, and all persons indebted to said concern will come forward and settle the same. July 10—6&13j6 F. B. GREEN, GEO. M. STEALEY.

Copartnership.

F. B. GREEN and W. M. RICHARDS have this day formed a copartnership, under the style of GREEN & RICHARDS, for the purpose of carrying on the TIN, SHEET IRON, and ROOFING business, at the old stand of Green & Stealey, on Market street, between First and Second, where they were previously doing business. Those having claims against the concern will please present them, and all persons indebted to said concern will come forward and settle the same. July 10, 1855—6&13m*

H. Ferguson & Son.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN FAMILY Flour, corner Fifth and Market streets. jyl1 j&b

NEW WHEAT FLOUR—100 bbls new Wheat Flour just received and for sale by H. FERGUSON & SON, Corner Fifth and Market sts. jyl1 j&b

ST. LOUIS FLOUR—150 bbls fancy superfine St. Louis Flour just received and for sale by H. FERGUSON & SON. jyl1 j&b

RYE FLOUR—30 bbls fresh ground Rye Flour for sale by H. FERGUSON & SON. jyl1 j&b

Fresh Arrival—Ivory Handled Cutlery.

We have just received this morning, by express, an invoice of very rich Ivory Handled Cutlery, fresh from the factory of J. Russell & Co., of the City of London. It is said to be superior to any now in use. Those desiring a good article of the kind will find it to their interest to give us a call. HOOE & LUCKETT, No. 461 Market st., between Third and Fourth, near Fourth. jyl1 j&b

Superior Wire Dish Covers.

WE are now open a stock of Wire Dish Covers, all sizes. This is now the season for flies, and we presume this article will be in demand, as they are a great convenience at all times of the year. We are offering these Dish Covers, as well as all other articles in our line, at very reasonable prices. HOOE & LUCKETT, No. 461 South side Market st., between Third and Fourth. jyl1 j&b

New Book by Mary E. Herndon. for sale by S. RINGGOLD, 66 Fourth st., near Main. jyl1 j&b

PIANO-FORTES.

Having just received, in addition to my usual large and well selected stock of Piano-Fortes, several very elegant instruments, I respectfully invite purchasers to call and examine them.

I have succeeded in making arrangements with Messrs. Nunn & Clark for a supply of Grand Pianos, one of which is now in stock. This instrument has been pronounced by the best judges equal to Erard's of Paris, and the finest Piano-Forte ever offered for sale in this city—combining the most carefully finished case with the most exquisite tone—full, clear, and brilliant.

I have also the elegant *Serpentine* Louis XIV Pianos beautifully carved, from the same factory; their tone cannot be excelled by any square Piano in the country.

Two semi grand with elegant carved moldings, &c. These instruments have become very popular in the eastern cities.

Two elegant Grand Pianos, 7 octaves, carved and plain. Fifteen 6's, 6's, 6's octaves Piano-Fortes of all styles and prices.

An assortment of Piano-Fortes and Melodeons is the largest in this city and best in the country, containing instruments from all the best factories in the country, including Nunn & Clark, Peters, Cragg, & Co., A. H. Gale & Co., A. & J. Knapp.

A full guarantee given with any instrument sold. Purchasers may rely upon my prices being the very lowest for quality.

Importers of Musical Goods and Dealers in Piano-Fortes, jyl1 j&b 539 Main st., opposite Bank of Kentucky.

FLOUR.—100 bbls St. Louis fancy superfine Flour; 40 bbls extra do do; 30 bbls Rye do do. For sale by H. FERGUSON & SON, Corner Fifth and Market sts. jyl1 j&b

FANS! FANS! FANS!—A fine assortment of the latest styles of Fans may be found at the "Varieties" of jyl1 j&b MILLER & GOULD, 98 Fourth st.

THE LADIES will find at the "Varieties" the best collection of Perfumery and Toilet Articles in the city, being the productions of the most celebrated chemists of the day. We can recommend them as fresh and of the best quality. jyl1 j&b MILLER & GOULD, 98 Fourth st.

GENTLEMEN desiring good Shaving Creams or Soaps, Perfumery, Pomades, Dry Brushes, Straps, or Brushes and Combs of any kind, may procure them of the best quality at the "Varieties" of MILLER & GOULD, 98 Fourth st. jyl1 j&b

PORT-MONIES, PURSES, POCKET-BOOKS, CIGAR Cases, and Dressing and Traveling Cases at MILLER & GOULD'S, 98 Fourth st. jyl1 j&b

BASKETS! BASKETS! BASKETS!—Every description of Work, Trunk, Basket, Fruit, and Fancy Baskets may be obtained at 98 Fourth street, also Willow Hampers, Clothes, Baskets, Cradles, Cabs, and Carriages, of our own manufacture. MILLER & GOULD. jyl1 j&b

CHAIR CHAIRS—At the "Varieties," a lot of these favorite summer chairs. They are light, elastic, delightfully easy, and very strong. Arm chairs, with and without rockers; Swing and Easy Chairs; Children's High, Arm, Rocking, and Nursery Chairs. jyl1 j&b MILLER & GOULD, 98 Fourth st.

WILLOW CABS AND CARRIAGES of our own manufacture, and the best in town, at MILLER & GOULD'S, 98 Fourth st. jyl1 j&b

WE HAVE FOR OUR SALES TO-DAY A LARGE supply of our summer style of Mole-skin and White Beaver Hats. POLLARD, PRATHER, & SMITH, 455 Main st. jyl1 j&b

COUNTRY MERCHANTS can purchase their Hats, Caps, and Straw Goods cheaper of POLLARD, PRATHER, & SMITH than of any other house in the city. jyl1 j&b

MUSKETO NET, of the very best quality, consisting of—10-4 best pink Bobbinets; 12-4 do do; 14-4 do white do; 12-4 do do; Also common Bars; Just received and for sale low by MILLER & TABB, Corner Market and Fourth streets. jyl1 j&b

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS AND CAPS of every variety and at low prices. POLLARD, PRATHER, & SMITH, 455 Main st. jyl1 j&b

LACE MANTLES—A few Gimpure and Chantilly Lace Mantillas and Talmas, of new and beautiful styles, just opened by MILLER & TABB. jyl1 j&b

SILK MANTILLAS—We have on hand a few very beautiful white and colored Silk Mantillas, which we will sell at cost in order to close them out. MILLER & TABB. jyl1 j&b

ROBES.—Rich laced Organdy Robes; do Grand and small; do Children's; do all for sale low by MILLER & TABB. jyl1 j&b

Leslie's Gazette of Fashions for July. JULY number of this Magazine received by S. RINGGOLD, Special Agent for Publishers. jyl6 j&b

Leslie's Fashions for July. FRANK LESLIE'S GAZETTE OF FASHIONS for July received and for sale by F. A. CRUMP, 84 Fourth st., near Market. jyl6 j&b

THE GREAT FASHION BOOK. Frank Leslie's Ladies' Gazette of Paris, London, and New York Fashions

[Published on the last day of every month—price 25 cents, or \$3 per annum—containing all the latest styles of Caps, Hats, Bonnets, Trimmings, Cloaks, Riding Habits, Baby's Robes, Promenade Dresses, Carriages, Evening Dresses, Mourning Dresses, Misses' Costumes, Boys' Costumes, Pairs, beautiful Patterns for Needle Work, Crochet, &c., all splendidly illustrated by nearly 100 engravings and a beautiful colored plate; also a full size paper pattern for a Cloak or other garment in each number.

The literary department of this work is under the superintendence of Mrs. Ann S. Stevens, the author of "Fashion and Famine." A piece of Music appears in each part, also articles on Chess, Wax Modeling, and many other interesting subjects. July number just received and for sale by S. RINGGOLD, Special Agent for Publishers, 66 Fourth st., near Main. jyl6 j&b

New Books! New Books! WHICH is the Right or the Left. \$1 25. The English Orphan, or a Home in the New World, by Mary J. Holmes, author of Tempest and Sunshine, or Life in Kentucky. 75c. Bound copies of Ballou's Pictorial. Vol. 8. Price \$3. S. RINGGOLD, 66 Fourth st., near Main. jyl6 j&b

BOARDING WANTED. BY a gentleman and lady in a respectable private family between Fifth and Tenth streets. Room furnished or unfurnished. Address J. M., through the Post-office. jyl10 b&2

Pittsburg and Cannel Coal. THE best quality always on hand for the coal only when ordered, at their office, on Wall street, west side, near Main. Pittsburg and Cannel Coal at the same price. \$30 00 per ton. MILLER & McMICHAEL.

T. S. KENNEDY'S Insurance Office.

No. 471 South Main street, between Fourth and Fifth, front room, up stairs, in Hegan & Dulaney's building, over Mark & Down's, Louisville, Ky.

AS THE AUTHORIZED AGENT OF THE POLISH Insurance Company, the undersigned is prepared to furnish every information in regard to Life Insurance and the conditions of membership, and also to issue Policies on Stocks, DWELLINGS, and FACTORIES, and on Stocks or Goods and other MERCHANDISE in store or in course of transportation by Steamboat, Flatboat, Railroad, or Sea-Vessel. Risks on STEAMBOATS and their appurtenances taken on the most favorable terms, according to the usage and custom at Louisville.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY, TORONTO, CANADA WEST.

Capital, paid up and secured.... \$1,987,680 00 Surplus..... 126,955 43

Total Assets..... 2,114,635 43 Reserved Fund, as collateral security, deposited at Louisville..... 10,000 00

A. M. CLARK, President. J. G. BOWES, Vice President. EDWARD G. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE CO. OF TORONTO, INCORPORATED IN 1833.

G. P. RIDOUT, Governor. T. W. BIRCHALL, Man'g Dir'ce.

PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURG.

Authorized Capital..... \$300,000 00 Paid in..... 100,000 00 Surplus..... 21,000 00

Directors: Wm. F. Johnston, Jacob Painter, A. Carriger, Wm. Patterson, James S. Negley, W. McMillen, D. E. Park, Kennedy T. Friend, W. S. Haven, I. Grier Spruiell, Wade Hampton, D. M. Long, A. J. Jones, George R. White, H. R. Coggeshall.

Hon. Wm. F. Johnston, Pres. ROBY PATTERSON, V. Pres. A. A. CARRIGER, Secretary. S. S. CARRIGER, Asst. Sec'y.

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW YORK.

OFFICE, TRINITY BUILDING, 111 BROADWAY.

Net Cash Fund 1st Feb'y, 1855, \$2,850,077 56.

F. S. WINSTON, President. J. A. ABBATT, Secretary. CHAS. GILL, Actuary. HENRY H. HYDE, Gen. Agt.

All the profits are divided among the policy-holders, and can be applied to the annual reduction of the premium, or they can be compounded and added to the sum insured.

The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. THOMAS S. KENNEDY, GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT, Office in Hegan & Dulaney's building, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, Louisville, Ky. \$13 (25) b&1jly

Putnam for July. PUTNAM'S Monthly for July received and for sale by F. A. CRUMP, 84 Fourth st., near Market. jyl6 j&b

New Books. WHICH is the Right or the Left. Price \$1 25. The English Orphan, or a Home in the New World, by Mary J. Holmes, author of Tempest and Sunshine. Price 75c. Also, a new

